

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Viginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/079,489	02/22/2002	Bernd Niethammer	01-0401	9328	
759	90 07/03/2003				
McGuireWoods LLP			EXAMINER		
1750 Tysons Boulevard, Suite 1800 Tysons Corner			SOLAK, TI	SOLAK, TIMOTHY P	
McLean, VA 2	2102-4215		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3746	11	
			DATE MAILED: 07/03/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)	<i>&gt;</i> /
,1	10/079,489	NIETHAMMER, B	ERND 🏂
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Timothy P. Solak	3746	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover she	et with the correspondence ac	ldress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, my within the statutory minimum will expire SIX (6), cause the application to become	hay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timel MONTHS from the mailing date of this c me ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 M	<i>¶ay 2003</i> .		
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ Thi	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under a			ne merits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray	vn irom consideration	•	•
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> are subject to restriction and/or ∈ Application Papers	section requirement.		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accep		by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		•	
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	_is: a)  approved b) i	disapproved by the Examin	er.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	oly to this Office action.		
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S	.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received	in Application No	
<ul> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur</li> <li>See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified of the copies of the prior application.</li> </ul>	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a	a)).	Stage
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S	S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional	l application).
<ul> <li>a)    The translation of the foreign language pro</li> <li>15)    Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesting</li> </ul>			
Attachment(s)	-		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲 Notic	view Summary (PTO-413) Paper Note of Informal Patent Application (PTor:	

Art Unit: 3746

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-7 and 18, drawn to condition responsive control to eliminate peak pressures, classified in class 417, subclass 299.
- II. Claims 8-13, drawn to plural pumps with individual control, classified in class417, subclass 286.
- III. Claims 14-17 and 19-20, drawn to an injector supply pump, classified in class417, subclass 494.
- IV. Claim 21, drawn to a method of eliminating pressure peaks, classified in class417, subclass 53.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions of Group IV and Groups I-III are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed, i.e. two pumps/stages with associated valves can be used to practice another materially different process, such as filling a swimming pool with or without pressure peaks, by simply opening the valves and letting the fluid flow from the two

Art Unit: 3746

pumps/stages into the pool. Further the method of eliminating pressure spikes can be accomplished with an ordinary accumulator.

Inventions of Group III and Groups I-II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the inventions have different modes of operation, namely invention III is a fluid injector system comprising a plurality of pump stages with individual valves located in between each pump stage i.e. controlling fluid flow in between stages; while invention I-II have a plurality of pumps/stages with ordinary valves located upstream of the pumps/stages i.e. controlling fluid flow upstream of the pump. The difference lies in that in first invention you have control of a pumped fluid while interacting between pump stages and in the second invention you have fluid flow control prior to the fluid entering the pump from an unknown source.

Inventions of Group I and Group II are related as combination and subcombination.

Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination, i.e. a plurality of pump units with at least one upstream valve for condition responsive control, does not require the particulars of the subcombination i.e. a plurality of pump units with two upstream valves, because the additional valves will not assist in

Art Unit: 3746

the conditional responsive control (i.e. elimination of pressure spikes). The subcombination has separate utility such as in a high-pressure unit used in a corrosive environment where double valveing is a common practice to prevent leakage.

The extremely broad scope of the claims has necessitated a massive expansion of the search strategy. The search required for Group I may easily include all of the conditional responsive subclasses; while the search strategy for Group II will have to encompass all the plural pumping and housing subclasses. Further the search strategy for Group III will have to be expanded to other classes, outside the art unit, such as dispensing and automotive engines.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

### Election of Species

If the applicant elects the invention of Group II, then an election of species is required as follows:

Species A: Control valves, flow valves, or on/off valves; Figure 3.

Species B: Pressure regulating valves; Figure 4.

Species C: Relief valves; Figure 3.

Species D: Sets of Valves Figure 4.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, 9 is generic.

Art Unit: 3746

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species, even though this requirement is traversed.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

It is additionally pointed out that, contrary to what applicants may suggest, the examination burden is not limited exclusively to a prior art search but also includes the effort required to apply the art by making and discussing all appropriated grounds of rejection.

A telephone call was made to Andrew Calderon on 06/17/2003 to request an oral election to the above restriction requirement, but did not result in an election being made.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Timothy P. Solak whose telephone number is 703-308-6197. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 10am to 6pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy S. Thorpe can be reached on 703-308-0102. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9302 for regular communications and 703-872-9303 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0861.

tps June 30, 2003

CHERYL J. TYLER PRIMARY EXAMINER